Emergency Evacuation and Fire Prevention Plans

Scope

Emergencies in the workplace can develop into disasters if they are not addressed in the appropriate manner. Disasters can be man-made (fires, structural collapses, explosions, and chemical releases) or can develop from natural events (floods, tornadoes, hurricanes, earthquakes, and lightning). Therefore, preplanning a facility's response to an emergency and a facility's fire prevention strategy can minimize suffering and losses.

This safety requirement and procedure provides guidelines for implementing emergency evacuation and fire prevention plans in the workplace. It includes provisions for training and requirements for the emergency evacuation plans, fire prevention plans, and employee alarm systems.

This document also details the areas of responsibility for managers/unit heads, supervisors, and employees within the State of North Carolina.

Background

This safety requirement and procedure is established in accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Standards for General Industry (29 CFR 1910.38), Occupational Safety and Health Standards for Construction Industry (29 CFR 1926.35) and National Fire Protection Association, 101 Life Safety Code.

Requirement

It is the requirement of the State to provide a place of employment that is free from recognized hazards that cause or are likely to cause death or serious physical harm to employees or the public. Therefore, State owned or leased facilities must have emergency evacuation and fire prevention plans. When hazards exist that cannot be eliminated, administrative practices, engineering practices, safe work practices, Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), and proper training regarding Emergency Evacuation and Fire Prevention Plans will be implemented. These measures will be implemented to minimize those hazards to ensure the safety of employees and the public.

Procedure

This section provides applicable definitions, establishes general provisions, and identifies specific responsibilities required by the State's safety requirement and procedure on Emergency Evacuation and Fire Prevention Plans.

Definitions

Assembly Point: A designated outside area safe for evacuated occupants.

Designated Employee: Individual assigned to assist the emergency/fire prevention coordinator in evacuations and fire prevention.

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Emergency Evacuation/Fire Prevention Plan Coordinator: Individual responsible for administering the emergency and/or fire prevention plans for a State facility.

Emergency Evacuation Plan: A plan describing procedures required for employee protection from fire or other emergencies in the workplace.

Exit: That portion of a means of egress from a building, structure, or worksite.

Exit Access: That portion of a means of egress which leads to an entrance to an exit.

Fire Prevention Plan: A plan describing procedures required for employees to prevent fires in the workplace.

Means of Egress: A continuous and unobstructed way of exit travel from any point in a building, structure, or worksite to a public way.

General Provisions

This section details the provisions of this safety requirement and procedure with each provision discussed in a separate subsection. The elements included in this safety requirement and procedures as adopted by the State are:

- Training
- Evacuation Plans
- Fire Prevention Plans
- Employee Alarm Systems
- Written Plan Location

Training

Training will be required for designated employees and emergency/fire prevention plan coordinators. This training will include elements for both the evacuation and fire prevention plans. This training will qualify the emergency/fire prevention coordinator and the designated employees to fulfill any element of the emergency and/or fire prevention plans. This training will consist of:

- Means of reporting fires and other emergencies
- Evacuation procedures
- Familiarization with evacuation routes
- Review of employee accountability procedures
- Identification of workplace fire hazards
- Fire prevention practices
- Alarm systems
- Proper housekeeping procedures

This training will include initial training and retraining when responsibilities or conditions/surroundings change. In addition, these employees will assemble semi-annually to discuss changes in the current methods or plans.

Appendix A presents a form for documenting your training.

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Emergency Evacuation Plans

Each State facility will establish evacuation plans to be used in emergencies. These emergencies will include fires, tornadoes, hurricanes, toxic chemical release, blizzards, floods, or other natural disasters. This plan will include:

- Emergency Plan Coordinator contact information
- Preferred means of reporting fires and emergencies
- Alarm system documentation
- Fire or other safety equipment
- Evacuation routes (paths and locations of exits)
- Emergency escape procedures and assignments
- Procedures to account for all employees after an evacuation

Appendix B contains a guide for an emergency evacuation plan.

Fire Prevention Plan

Each State facility's fire prevention plan will include:

- Fire Prevention Plan Coordinator contact information
- A list of major workplace fire hazards and their proper handling and storage procedures and fire protection equipment
- Proper housekeeping procedures
- Safety of evacuees once outside the structure or facility
- Appropriate traffic control plans as applicable if parking lots are used as an evacuee gathering point

Appendix C contains a generic guide for a fire prevention plan.

As part of the workplace fire hazard list, potential ignition sources such as welding and smoking will be identified. Additionally, measures required to control those workplace fire hazards and equipment designed to control or extinguish fires will be included as a part of the fire prevention plan.

All buildings or structures will be maintained in such a manner to avoid the creation of potential sources of ignition. Workshops will be cleaned regularly and accumulations of flammable materials will be removed or stored in approved fire containers.

Buildings that primarily house support employees will maintain the aisles in a clear and orderly fashion. All waste and combustible materials such as cardboard or trash in trash receptacles will be stored in such a manner to avoid the creation of a fire hazard.

Employee Alarm Systems

An employee notification or alarm system shall be in place for each State or leased facility to provide warning for necessary emergency action. This alarm system will also provide an adequate reaction time for safe escape of employees from the workplace or immediate area.

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Alarm systems where provided shall be maintained and be operable at all times. A checklist in Appendix B is provided for annually checking alarm systems. If an alarm is defective it shall be identified and repaired promptly.

Written Plan Location

These emergency and fire prevention plans will be available on-site for updating and internal audit purposes and for review by employees, and regulatory agencies.

Responsibilities

Managers

Managers are responsible for ensuring that adequate funding is available for the purchase of proper equipment, supplies and training for emergency and fire prevention plans. Managers will appoint individuals to serve as emergency and fire prevention plan coordinators, alternate (backup) emergency and fire prevention plan coordinators, and designated employees.

They will also be responsible for identifying the employees affected by this safety requirement and procedure. Managers will obtain and coordinate the required training for the affected employees.

Supervisors

Supervisors will be responsible for ensuring that the emergency evacuation and fire plan is posted in a conspicuous location and that employees are trained at the start of employment, upon reassignment, and yearly thereafter.

Supervisors are responsible for ensuring new and existing employees are familiar with building layouts and are instructed in the most efficient evacuation methods.

Supervisors should ensure that electrical equipment is properly grounded, insulated, and maintained and that all flammable or combustible materials are properly stored, ventilated, and contained.

Supervisors are also responsible to ensure that all fire extinguishers and other related equipment are in good working condition. If any indication of damaged or outdated equipment is present, the equipment will be removed from service and repaired/replaced. (Fire extinguishers must be replaced if sent out for service.)

Emergency/Fire Prevention Plan Coordinator

The Emergency/Fire Prevention Coordinator will serve as the primary contact and the administrator of the emergency evacuation and fire prevention plans. The requirements of the emergency evacuation and fire prevention plans can be coordinated by one individual or by two individuals as determined by the managers/unit heads.

The coordinator will keep the emergency evacuation and fire prevention plans and the elements of those plans current. A backup (alternate) coordinator will also be identified and be capable of administering the requirements of these plans.

Employees

It is the responsibility of each employee to ensure they are familiar with the emergency evacuation and fire prevention plans. Each employee should also be familiar with posted exits and evacuation routes. Employees will report suspected hazards to their supervisor immediately.

Safety and Health

Safety and Health Director will provide prompt assistance to managers, supervisors, or others as applicable on any matter concerning this safety requirement and procedure.

Resources

OSHA Standard for Emergency Action Plans	29 CFR 1910.38
OSHA Standard for Portable Fire Extinguishers	29 CFR 1910.157
OSHA Standard for Emergency Action Plans	29 CFR 1926.35
National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)	101 Life Safety Code

Evacuation and Fire Prevention Plan Training				
Date:	Location:			
Instructor:		Title:	:	
Emergency Eva	cuation Plan Elements	to be Reviewed		
o Procedures to Acc	signments es for Personnel to Operate C count for Employees ad Medical Personnel	Critical Equipment		
Fire Prevention	Plan Elements to be R	eviewed		
o Means of Reportio Alarm Systems	ractices Maintenance Personnel Ing Fires and other Emergence Insible for Control of Fuel Source Procedures Insible			
o Names and Titles	of Emergency and Fire Previre Prevention Plan Availabi		nators	
Employees Trai	ned			
Name	Work Location/Unit	Job Title	Signature	
Instructor's Sig		·-·		

Appendix B: Emergency Evacuation Plan

Evacuation Plan Elements

Name of	Agency/Division:	
Address:		
Telepho	ne Number:	
	Emergen	ncy Evacuation Plan Coordinator
	(Name)	(Title)
	(Division/Unit)	(Telephone Number)
The Coo	rdinator may be contacte	ed for further information/explanation regarding the plan.
	Preferred Mea	ns of Reporting Fire and Emergencies
All fires	and emergencies will be	e reported by the following means:
		Alarm Systems
Alarm sy	estems for notifying all e	employees in an emergency are of the following type:
When all		d they should meet the requirements as listed in the following
Meets t	he Requirements	Requirements
Yes	No	
0	0	Provides warning for safe escape
0	0	Can be perceived by all employees
0	0	Alarm is distinctive and recognizable
0	0	Employees are properly trained
0	0	Emergency telephone numbers posted
0	0	Emergency alarms have priority
0	0	Alarm procedures are established
0	0	All alarm components are approved

Alarm Systems (continued)		
Meets the	Requirements	Requirements
Yes	No	
0	0	Alarms restored promptly after test
0	0	Spare alarm devices are available
0	0	Alarm system is maintained properly
0	0	Effective alarm tests conducted every two months
0	0	Power supplies are maintained and backups are provided
0	0	Supervised systems provide positive notification of any defect and are tested annually
0	0	Alarms are maintained properly by trained personnel
0	0	Manually operated devices are not obstructed and are readily accessible

Emergency Escape Procedures and Routes

Emergency escape procedures and route assignments should be posted in each work area. The "Emergency Escape Procedures and Escape Route Assignment" sheet follows. All employees must have been trained by supervision in the correct procedures to follow during a fire or other emergency.

Appendix B: Emergency Evacuation Plan (continued)

IN CASE OF FIRE OR OTHER EVENT REQUIRING EVACUATION, FOLLOW THE EVACUATION ROUTES AS DESIGNATED BELOW. CAREFULLY STUDY AND USE THE EVACUATION ROUTES AND POST EVACUATION ASSEMBLY POINTS (*) (**). IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS, SEE YOUR SUPERVISOR.
Sketch indicating the facility layout, emergency evacuation routes, and post evacuation assembly points.
ACCOUNTABILITY
Persons evacuating the facility will be required to meet at a predetermined location in order to account for all persons.
Primary post evaluation assembly point (*)

In the event that the primary assembly point (*) is hazardous due to wind direction or other uncontrolled conditions, an alternate assembly point (**) has been assigned.

Alternate assembly point

Appendix B: Emergency Evacuation Plan (continued)

Training

The personnel listed below have been trained to assist in the safe and orderly emergency evacuation of employees. Employee training is provided to employees when:

- The plan is initiated
- An employee's required actions and responsibilities change
- There are any changes to the plan

Name	Title	Work Area	Special Assignment

Employee Accountability Procedures After Evacuation

After the evacuation, each supervisor (or designee) is responsible for accounting for each employee assigned to the supervisor, by rallying at a predetermined point and by conducting a head count. Each assigned employee will be accounted for by name. All supervisors are required to report their head count (by name) to the Emergency Plan Coordinator.

Each supervisor is responsible for accounting for each of his or her assigned employees following an evacuation. This will be accompanied by these procedures:

- Assembly points are to be established for all evacuation routes and procedures. These points are designated by an asterisk (*) on each posted work area escape route.
- All work area supervisors and employees must report to their primary assembly points immediately following an evacuation.
- Each employee is responsible for reporting to his or her supervisor. Supervisors will account for all employees and report the information to the Emergency Plan Coordinator.
- The Emergency Plan Coordinator will be located at one of the following locations:

Primary Assembly Point Location:	
Alternate Assembly Point Location:	

Appendix C: Fire Prevention Plan

Fire Prevention Plan Elements

Name of Agency/Division:	
Address:	
Telephone Number:	
Fire Prevention	on Plan Coordinator
(Name)	(Title)
(Division/Unit)	(Telephone Number)
(Home Address)	(Home Phone Number)
Person Responsible for Mainter	nance of Fire Equipment and Systems
(Name)	(Title)
(Division/Unit)	(Telephone Number)
(Home Address)	(Home Phone Number)
Person Responsible for (Control of Fuel Source hazards
(Name)	(Title)
(Division/Unit)	(Telephone Number)
(Home Address)	(Home Phone Number)

Appendix C: Fire Prevention Plan (continued)

List of Major Fire Hazards

Flammables	Location	Handling Procedures	Storage Procedure
Processes	Location	Precautionary Steps	Storage Procedure
Combustibles	Location	Handling Procedure	Storage Procedure
Reactives	Location	Handling Procedure	Storage Procedure

Appendix C: Fire Prevention Plan (continued)

Ignition Sources and Control Procedures

Ignition Sources	Control Procedures

Appendix C: Fire Prevention Plan (continued)

Waste and Residue Control Procedures

Briefly describe procedures to control wastes or residues which might cause or contribute to a fire. Typical waste/residues could include oily rags, spilled grease, oil, fuels, asphalt, old tires, tubes, used lumber, timbers, wood and paper waste, ashes, used cleaning supplies or solvents, office machine fluid containers, etc.

Ignition Sources	Control Procedures